## Module 6: Monitoring Plan

The objective of this module is to provide a detailed monitoring plan for the project staff to periodically review the progress of various planned activities in FPIC and its implementation through a set of measurable indicators, identify gaps if any, and take timely corrective measures for realization of expected outcome of the process. i.e. Free Prior and Informed Consent of indigenous communities to project activities in the landscape.



- Activities related to Free Prior Informed Consent (FPIC) are implemented under the Project Component 2: Improved agricultural and conservation practices demonstrating sustainable production, livelihood advancements, habitat improvements and delivery of tangible BD, LD, CCM, and SFM benefits. This will contribute to realization of Output 2.1: Institutional frameworks, mechanisms and capacities at District and Village levels to support decision-making and stakeholder participation in Green Landscape planning and management strengthened, with Green Landscape Management Plans.
- As per the project's **Results Framework**, following are the list of activities and their indicators to track the implementation of FPIC process in the project landscapes. This will be part of the larger Project Monitoring System and reviewed by the Project Manager.

**Component 2:** Improved agricultural and conservation practices demonstrating sustainable production, livelihood advancements, habitat improvements and delivery of tangible BD, LD, CCM, and SFM benefits

**Outcome 2.1:** Institutional frameworks, mechanisms and capacities at District and Village levels to support decision-making and stakeholder participation in Green Landscape planning and management strengthened, with Green Landscape Management Plans

**Output 2.1.1:** Institutional frameworks, mechanisms and capacities at District and Village levels to support decision-making and stakeholder participation in Green Landscape planning and management strengthened

Activities			
Activity 2.1.1.3: Capacity development of national level project implementation unit on ge	ender and FPIC issues (NPN	/U)	
2.1.1.3-I1: Number of capacity development workshops	NPMU	1	Y1 Q2
Activity 2.1.1.4: Capacity development on incorporating gender and FPIC issues			
2.1.1.4 – I1: Number of staff trained on gender and FPIC issues	(MP, Mz, Od, Rj, & Uk)	5	Y2 Q3

Output 2.2.4: Community based natural resources management plans designed and implemented in			
target Green Landscapes (including community grassland/ ravines/forests/watershed management)			
Activity 2.2.4.3: Independent assessment FPIC by project			
2.2.4.3-I1: Number of FPIC assessments undertaken and documented	(MP, Od, Uk,	5 (1/	Y3 Q2
	Mz, Rj)	landscape)	

A monitoring framework with indicators to track the progress of various stages of FPIC process is presented below:

S.NO	Elements	Indicators
1.	Stakeholder Mapping and Engagement	<ul> <li>Desk research report on the presence of various indigenous communities in the landscape</li> <li>Number of meetings with representatives of Social Welfare and Tribal Affairs Department</li> <li>Number of meetings with local NGOs</li> <li>Number of meetings with Govt. representatives at district level</li> <li>Number of meetings with Village Council members</li> <li>Stakeholder Engagement Plan</li> <li>Number of physical/virtual meetings with Village Council President and other Council members on project sensitization and FPIC process to be</li> </ul>
		undertaken in the villages

	Participatory	Number of physical/virtual meetings with Village Chiefs and other key
	Communication and	representatives of communities on project sensitization and FPIC process
2.	Documentation of	to be undertaken in villages
	Geographic and	Number of physical/virtual consultations with different indigenous
	Demographic Information	communities on project sensitization and FPIC process
		Percentage of women as participants
		Number of meetings exclusively with women
		Percentage of vulnerable indigenous communities' groups represented /
		attending meetings;
		Number of meetings exclusively with vulnerable indigenous groups.
		<ul> <li>Number and types of communication products used - handouts,</li> </ul>
		factsheets, brochures and flyers used during the consultations
		• Maps [village resource map, transect map and social maps] developed
		through participatory mapping and documentation of demographic and geographic information.
		<ul> <li>Percentage of women and other disadvantaged communities</li> </ul>
		represented during collective decision-making by the communities
		Collective decision-making process between indigenous communities as
3.	Reach Consent	per existing traditional structures.
J. J.	Neach Consent	<ul> <li>Terms and Conditions mutually agreed upon by the indigenous</li> </ul>
		communities and the project representatives

		<ul> <li>Number of votes received from different indigenous groups for the project proposal.</li> <li>Consent agreement signed by representatives of indigenous communities and the project.</li> </ul>
4.	Documentation	<ul> <li>Meeting minutes duly signed by all the participants in the meeting</li> <li>Photographs, audio and video recording of the meetings/consultations</li> <li>Attendance record sheet with details like, name, age, sex, occupation, role in community etc. to be filled in and duly signed by the participants</li> </ul>
5.	Grievance redressal Mechanism	<ul> <li>Number of awareness campaigns on grievance redressal mechanism</li> <li>Total number of people/groups using the grievance redress procedure</li> <li>Number of distinct people/groups. Any indigenous community with significantly more grievances</li> <li>Number of times an individual has submitted the same grievance</li> <li>Number of grievances resolved.</li> <li>Length of time taken to be resolved</li> <li>Types of grievance categories</li> </ul>
6.	Implementation Problems	<ul> <li>Any delays due to personnel, capacity, insufficient funds, COVID-19 induced restrictions on travel etc.</li> </ul>

Number of times implementation	schedule has been revised